Instructions to Authors

Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology

The Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology (Can. J. Physiol. Pharmacol.) is an international journal and publishes, in English or French, peer-reviewed reports of original research on all aspects of physiology, pharmacology, nutrition, and toxicology, including the fields of cardiovascular science; drug disposition and biochemical toxicology; endocrinology; gastroenterology; musculoskeletal sciences, including cellular motility; neuroscience (i.e., autonomic, cellular, central); renal and respiratory sciences; thermal physiology; and nutritional sciences, including the interaction of nutrition with the above.

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A **rapid communication** is intended for the rapid publication of initial findings or full investigations of findings of a particularly **novel and significant** nature. It should be accompanied by a letter in which the author gives reasons to justify publication of the manuscript as a rapid communication. A rapid communication will be either accepted without revision or rejected. However, this rejection will not preclude the subsequent submission of the manuscript in revised or expanded form.

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Care (see *Guide to the Care and Use of Experimental Animals*, Vol. 1 (2nd ed., 1993) and Vol. 2 (1984); this guide is available from the Canadian Council on Animal Care, Constitution Square, Tower 2, Suite 315, 350 Albert Street, Ottawa, ON K1R 1B1, Canada or on their Web site at http://www.ccac.ca).

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The Manuscript

Publication is facilitated if the authors very carefully check the symbols, abbreviations, and technical terms for accuracy, consistency, and readability and ensure that manuscripts and illustrations meet the requirements outlined below. NRC Research Press maintains the right to preserve the technical quality of the Journal. Authors are requested to refer to a recent issue for details of layout, especially for tables and reference lists.

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Abbreviations and symbols for units of measurement should conform to international recommendations. SI units (Système international d'unités) should be used or SI equivalents should be given. This system is explained and other useful information is given in the Metric Practice Guide (2000) published by CSA International (178 Rexdale Blvd., Toronto, ON M9W 1R3, Canada). For practical reasons, some exceptions to SI units are allowed. Biochemical nomenclature and abbreviations should follow the recommendations of the International Union of Biochemistry, such as those on enzyme nomenclature (Enzyme Nomenclature 1992: Recommendations of the Nomenclature Committee of the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (Academic Press, San Diego, Calif.)). A complete listing of the more recent IUPAC IUB bulletins can be found in the European Journal of Biochemistry 151: A5-A11 (1985). For physiological and biological terms, The CBE Manual for Authors, Editors, and Publishers: Scientific Style and Format (6th ed., 1994) published by the Council of Biology Editors, Inc., Chicago, IL 60603, U.S.A., should be followed. Abbreviations and contractions of the names of substances, procedures, etc., must be defined the first time they occur. Authors who use abbreviations extensively throughout the text are asked to list all abbreviations with full definitions as a footnote on the first page of the Introduction. Symbols and Greek letters should be written clearly and superscripts and subscripts should be appropriately placed or indicated.

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Journal article:

Forster, C., Larosa, G., and Armstrong, P.W. 1992. Impact of enalapril therapy on in vitro coronary artery responsiveness in pacing-induced heart failure. Can. J. Physiol. Pharmacol. **70**: 1417–1422.

Book:

Werns, S.W., and Lucchessi, B.R. 1988. The role of the polymorphonuclear leukocytesin mediating myocardial reperfusion injury. *In* Oxygen radicals in the pathophysiology of heart disease. *Edited by* P.K. Singal. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Boston, Mass. pp.122–144.

Paper in conference proceedings:

Vihko, K.L., LaPolt, P.S., Dargan, C., Nishimori, K., and Hsueh, A.J.W. 1991. Stimulatory effect of recombinant FSH on Leydig cell function and spermatogenesis in vivo. Proceedings of the 11th North American Testis Workshop, Montréal, Que., April 24–27, 1992. p. 24.

Electronic citation:

Jablonski, S. 1999. Online multiple congenital anomaly/mental retardation (MCA/MR) syndromes [online]. U.S. National Library of Medicine, Medical Subject Headings Section. Available from http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/jablonski/syndrome_title.html [updated 28 September 2000; cited 8 March 2001]

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Footnotes to material in the text should not be used unless they are unavoidable, but their use is encouraged in tables. Where used in the text, footnotes should be cited in the manuscript by superscript Arabic numbers (except in the tables, see below) and should be numbered serially beginning with any that appear on the title page. Each footnote should be typed on the manuscript page upon which the reference is made; footnotes should not be included in the list of references.

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Instructions to authors

Tables should be numbered consecutively with Arabic numerals, have a brief title, and be referred to in the text. Column headings and descriptive matter in tables should be brief. Vertical rules should not be used. A copy of the Journal should be consulted to see how tables are set up and where the lines in them are placed. Footnotes in tables should be designated by symbols (*, †, ‡, §, \parallel , \parallel) or superscript lowercase italic letters. Descriptive material not designated by a footnote may be placed under a table as a **Note**. Each part of the table (title, headings, stub, body, and footnotes) must be typed double-spaced.

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